

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Course End Review

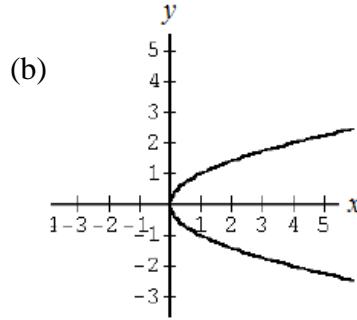
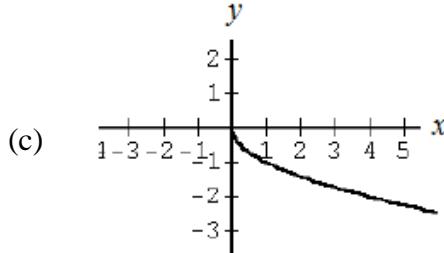
### Functions and Relations

#### Introduction to Functions:

1. Given:  $f(x) = 2x + 15$  and  $g(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 1$
- Determine  $f(-2) + g(1) - f(0)$
  - Determine  $g[f(x)]$

2. State the domain and range:

(a)  $H(x) = 2(x - 5)^2 - 3$



3. A relation  $f$  is  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 6x$ , evaluate  $f(-2)$ .

4. Determine the inverse to the function  $f(x) = 4x - 2$ ?

5. Find the inverse functions for:

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{x+3}{2}$       (b)  $g(x) = 4(x - 3)^2 + 1$

6. Given  $f(x) = -2(x + 5)^2 + 3$ , what is  $f^{-1}(1)$ ?

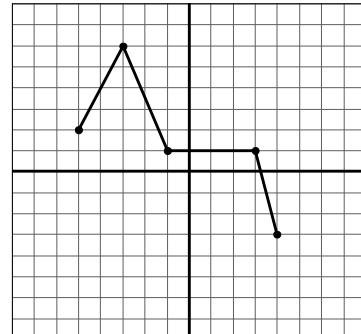
7. What transformations that are used to graph the function:

(a)  $g(x) = -5\sqrt{4(x - 2)} + 7$ .

(b)  $y = \frac{1}{3}f\left[-\frac{2}{5}(x + 4)\right] - 6$

8. The function  $f(x)$  is shown in the following graph:

- State the domain
- State the range
- Determine the value of  $f(3)$ .
- Determine the value(s) of  $f^{-1}(1)$ .



9. Determine the equation of a parabola with a vertex of  $(3, -5)$  and goes through the point  $(-4, 10)$ .

#### Quadratic and Rational Expressions:

10. When a ball is tossed into the air, the height,  $h$ , in meters, of the ball after  $t$  seconds is modelled by,  $h = 30t - 5t^2$ , where  $h$  is the height of the ball in meters and  $t$  is the time in the air in seconds.

- What is the ball's maximum height.
- How long does it take to complete its full flight path?

11. Solve  $(2x - 5)(2x - 5) = 0$  (leave in fraction form).

12. Solve for  $-4(x + 3)^2 + 7 = 0$  (two decimal places).

13. Simplify: (a)  $\frac{3x+1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} - \frac{4x}{x^2 + 5x + 6} + \frac{5x-3}{x^2 + 4x + 3}$

(b)  $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x^2 + 5x + 6} \times \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 2x - 3} \div \frac{x^2 - 4x}{(x+3)^2}$

14. Simplify and state **all** the restrictions:  $\frac{m^2 - 4m - 5}{5m^2 - 25m} \times \frac{15m^2}{m^2 + 3m + 2} \div \frac{m^2 - 16}{m^2 + 8m + 16}$

15. A triangle has base  $\sqrt{6}$  and height  $(3 - \sqrt{24})$ . What is the area of the triangle?

16. Simplify the expression:  $6^{-5} \times \frac{6^3}{(6^4)^{-8}}$ .

17. Simplify fully,  $\frac{2x+1}{6x^2+x-2} - \frac{2x}{8x^2-4x}$ .

18. Express the function in vertex form by completing the square:  $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 7$ .

## Exponential Functions:

19. Evaluate:

  - $8^{\frac{2}{3}} - 81^{\frac{3}{4}} + 4^2$
  - $16^{\frac{3}{4}} - 49^{\frac{1}{2}}$

20. Solve  $9^{3x+7} = 27^{x-5}$

21. Simplify:

  - $\sqrt{12}$
  - $2\sqrt{75} - 5\sqrt{108}$

22. Evaluate  $\left(\frac{27}{729}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (leave as fraction, no decimals).

23. Simplify:  $\sqrt{\sqrt{256m^8}}$ .

## Trigonometric Functions:

24. Solve:

  - $2\cos^2 \theta + 3\cos \theta - 2 = 0$  for  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$ .
  - $6\sin^2 x - \sin x - 1 = 0$ ,  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$ .

25. Prove:

  - $\tan x + \frac{1}{\tan x} = \frac{1}{\sin x \cos x}$
  - $\frac{\sin^2 x}{1 - \cos x} = 1 + \cos x$
  - $\frac{\cos x \sin x}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\tan x}$

26. Determine any value for  $x$ , such that  $\cos 60^\circ = \sin x$

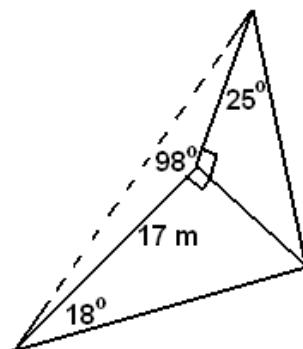
27. Convert  $\sin 210^\circ$  to an **exact** trigonometric value.

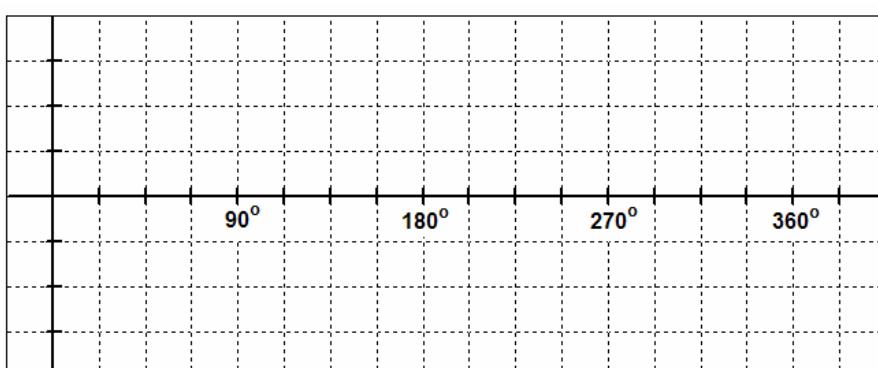
28. Convert  $\cos 315^\circ$  to an **exact** trigonometric value.

29. Determine the value of  $\theta$  to the nearest degree if  $\csc \theta = 1.75$ .

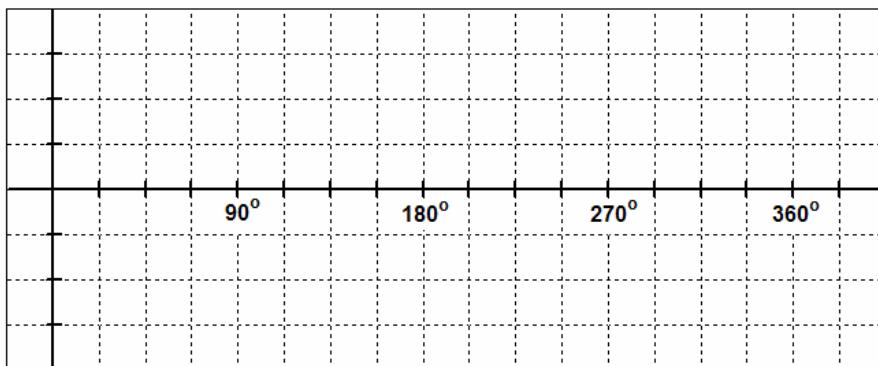
30. Determine the value of  $\theta$  to the nearest degree if  $\cot \theta = 0.89$ .

31. Solve the trigonometric equations (answer: nearest degree):  
(a)  $2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \sin \theta = 0$ , where:  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$   
(b)  $\sqrt{2} \sec x - 3 = 0$ , where:  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$   
(c)  $6 \tan x + 2 = 3 \tan x$  for  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ .  
(d)  $4 \cos x + 3 = 5$ , where:  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$



35. Sketch  $y = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1$  for one complete cycle ( $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ )



## Discrete Functions:

36. Consider the arithmetic series  $4 + 9 + 14 + \dots + 199$

  - Calculate the number of terms in the series.
  - Calculate the sum of the series.

37. In an arithmetic series of 28 terms, the  $7^{\text{th}}$  term is 41 and the  $18^{\text{th}}$  term is 96.

  - Find the sum of the series.
  - Find the first three terms

38. Given the series:  $2 - 4 + 8 - \dots + 512$ .

  - Calculate the number of terms in the series.
  - Calculate the sum of the series.