MUST HAVE A COMMON DENOMINATOR

- 1. Factor numerator and denominator
- 2. State all restrictions
- 3. Determine LCD (lowest common denominator)
- 4. Write equivalent expressions
- 5. Simplify and state all restrictions

Worked Examples

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{n}{m} + \frac{m}{m} + n$
x y	m n

$$\frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{x}{x-3}$$

Pause the Video and try these two ... Restart to see the solution

Example 1: Simplify

$$\frac{4x-1}{x+2} - \frac{x+3}{x+2} = \frac{4}{5x} - \frac{3}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{x^3} =$$

Pause the Video and try this ... Restart to see the solution

 $\frac{x+3}{x^2-4} + \frac{x+1}{x+2} =$

Pause the Video and try this ... Restart to see the solution

$$\frac{4}{y^2 + 5y + 6} - \frac{5}{y^2 - y - 12} =$$

Pause the Video and try this ... Restart to see the solution

$$\frac{4x-7}{6x^2-17x+5} - \frac{3x+4}{2x^2-11x+15} =$$

MCR 3U

On Your Own

Simplify

1.
$$\frac{2x-1}{x+3} - \frac{x+5}{x+3}$$
 2. $\frac{1}{7x} - \frac{3}{2x^2} + \frac{5}{x^3}$

3.
$$\frac{x+1}{x^2-9} + \frac{x+2}{x+3}$$

4. $\frac{3}{x^2+5x+4} - \frac{4}{x^2+2x-8}$

MCR 3U Adding and Subtracting Rational Expressions